

HDV and the Interferon Response

Synergistic suppression of HDV persistence *in vitro* by co-treatment with investigational drugs targeting both extracellular and cell-division-mediated spreading pathways

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consulting or speaking and/or research grants (last 5 years):

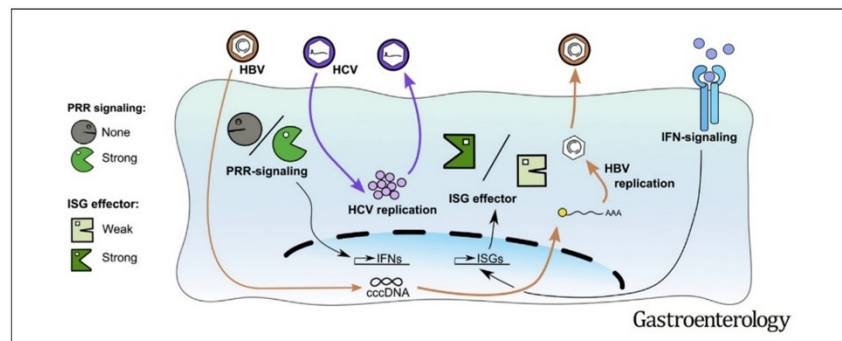
Gilead, Humabs, VirBio, Pepperprint, ENYO, Galapagos; MSD, Hepatera, MYR GmbH;

Patent holder and inventor on patents protecting Myrcludex B

HBV Bypasses the Innate Immune Response and Does Not Protect HCV From Antiviral Activity of Interferon

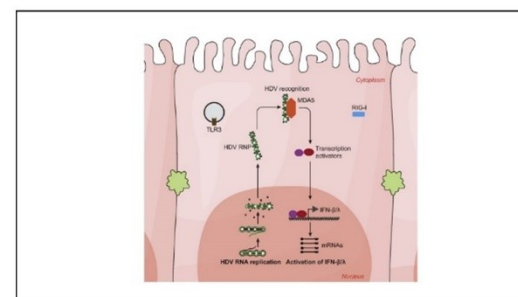
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Hepatitis D virus replication is sensed by MDA5 and induces IFN- β/λ responses in hepatocytes

Graphical abstract



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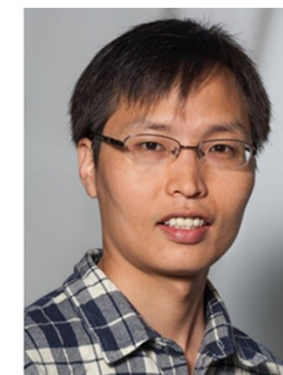
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Lay summary

In contrast to hepatitis B virus, infection with hepatitis D virus induces a strong IFN- β/λ response in innate immune competent cell lines. MDA5 is the key sensor for the recognition of hepatitis D virus replicative intermediates. An IFN-activated state did not prevent hepatitis D virus replication *in vitro*, indicating that hepatitis D virus is resistant to self-induced innate immune responses and therapeutic IFN treatment.

Highlights

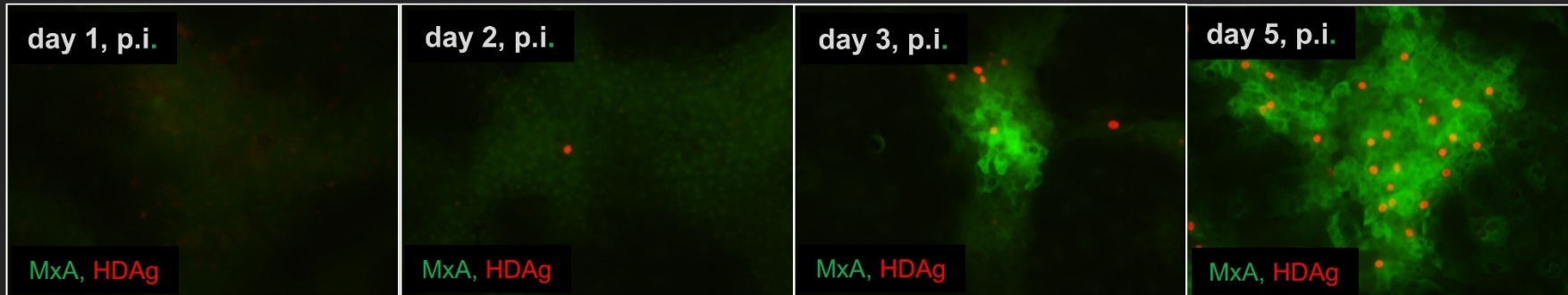
- In contrast to HBV, HDV activates the IFN response in hepatocytes.
- MDA5 is the key pattern recognition receptor sensing HDV replication.
- HDV replication is insensitive to the MDA5-mediated self-induced IFN response.
- IFN treatment doesn't abolish intracellular HDV replication *in vitro*.



HBV is a stealth virus while HDV induced profound IFN- β/λ responses

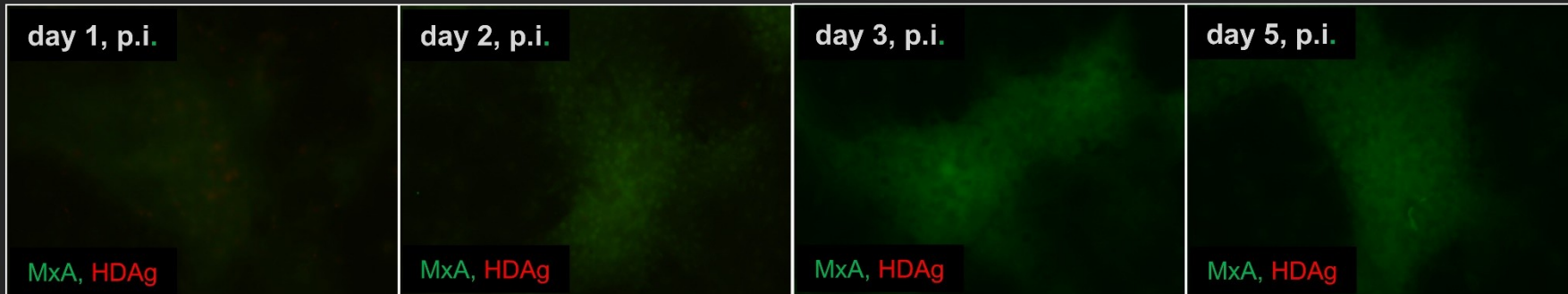
HDV infection induces an IFN response in HepaRG cells

Time course of HDV infection and expression of IFN-induced MxA in the absence



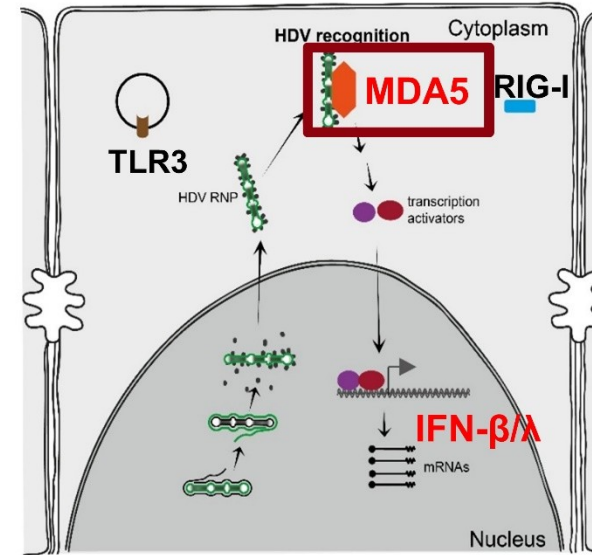
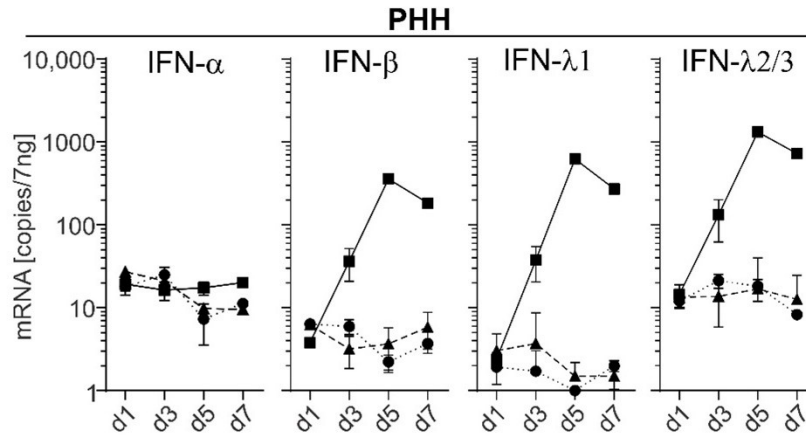
Zhang, et al. J. Hepatology, 2018

.....and in the presence of the entry inhibitor Myrcludex B



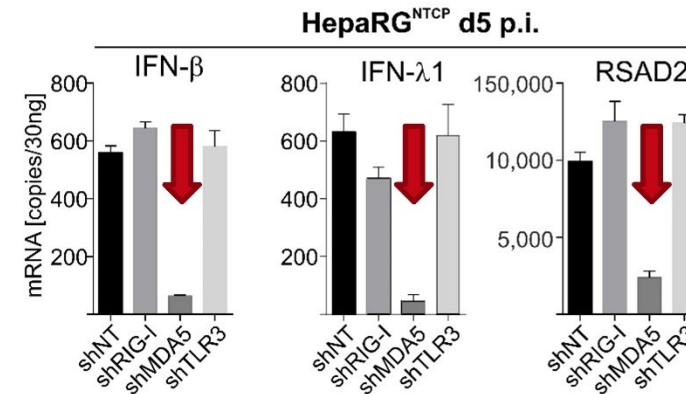
- HDV infection of HepaRG cells induces ISGs responses following HDV infection
- Myrcludex B/Bulevirtide inhibits de novo induced HDV IFN responses

MDA5 selectively senses HDV replication and let to induction of IFN- β/λ



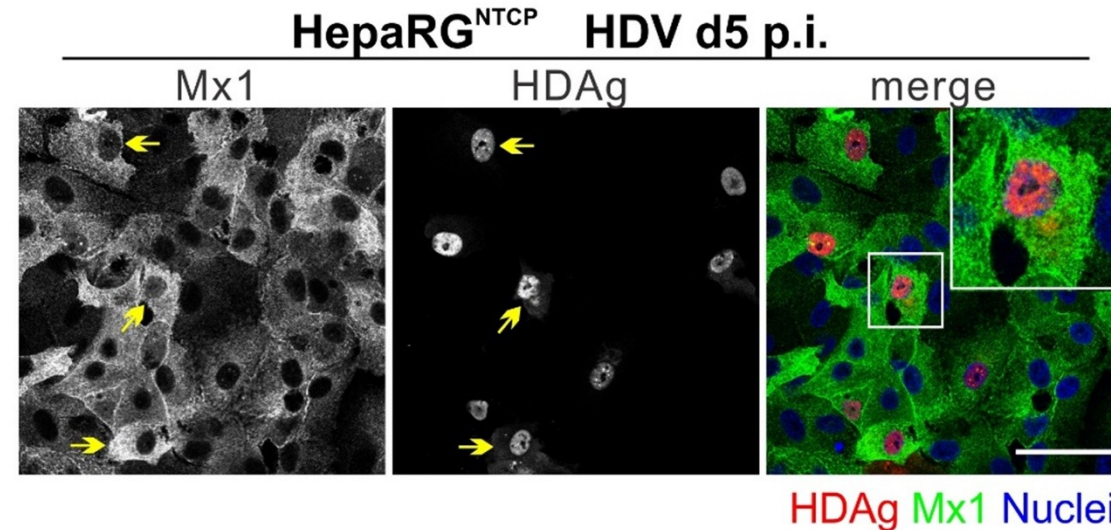
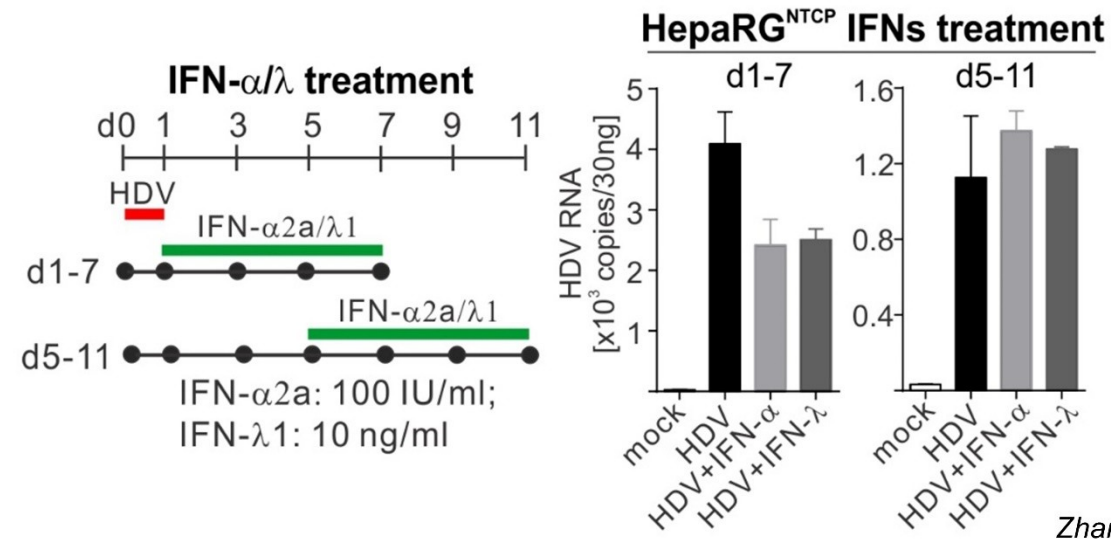
- HDV infection activates IFN- β/λ responses in primary human hepatocytes
- Knock down of MDA5 abolishes IFN activation

⇒ MDA5 is the key sensor (PRR) for HDV replication



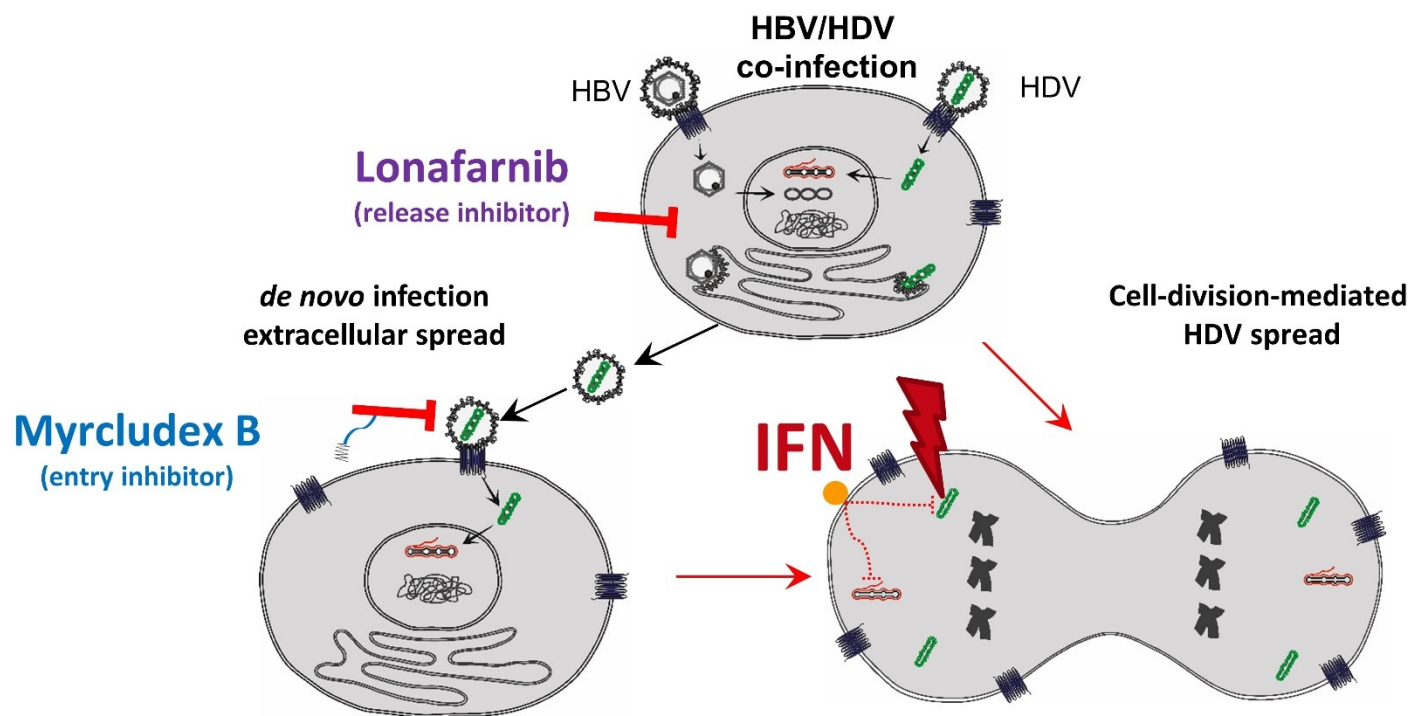
Zhang, et al. J Hepatol. 2018.

IFN treatment of HDV infected hepatocytes marginally affects HDV replication



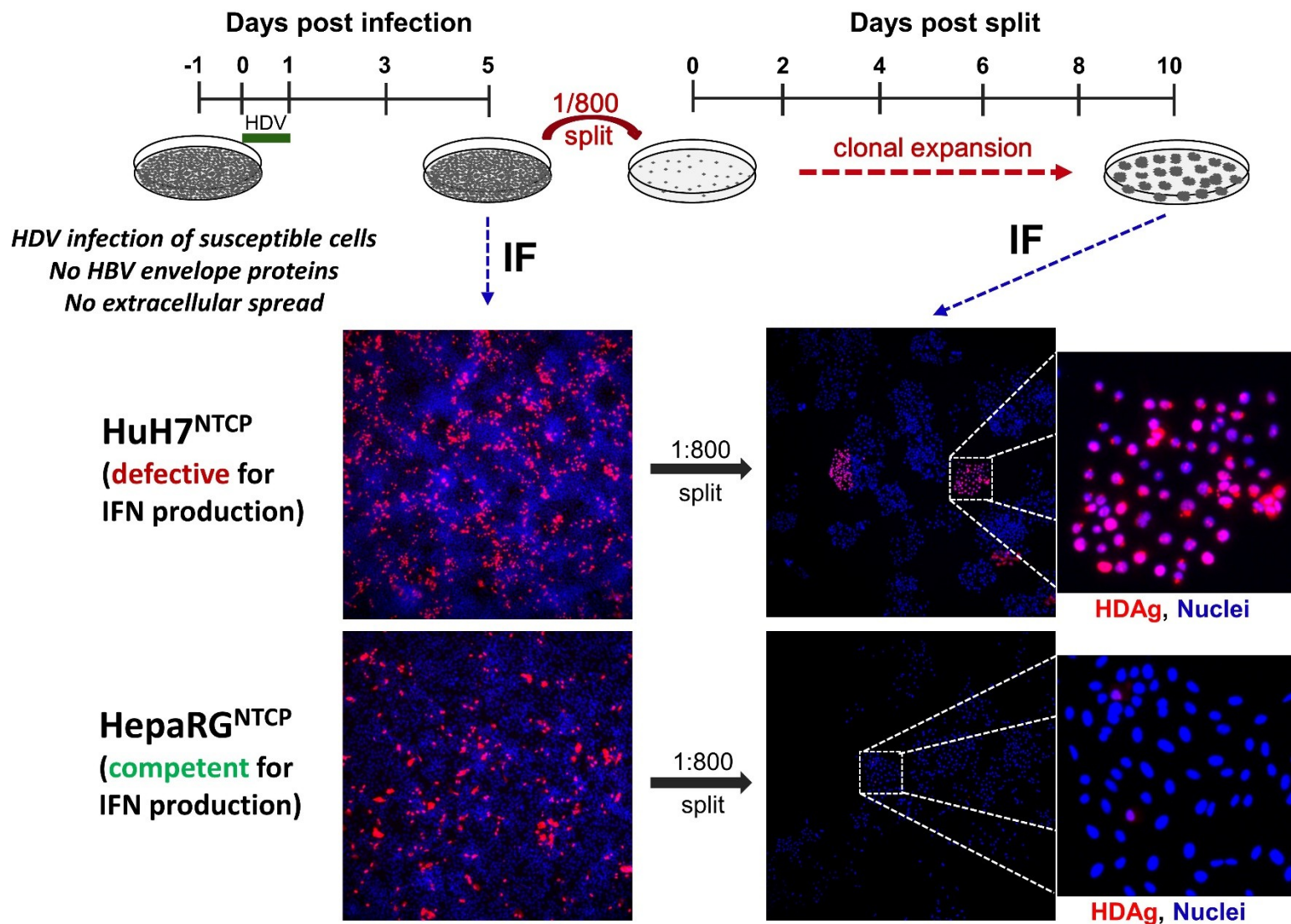
HDV replication is insensitive to IFN α and IFN λ treatment in resting hepatocytes

The effect of IFNs on dividing hepatocytes



Giersch *et al.*, Gut, 2019.
Zhang *et al.* Int. HBV meeting. 2018. Taormina.

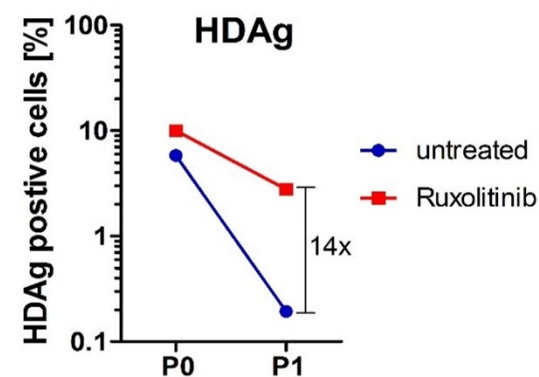
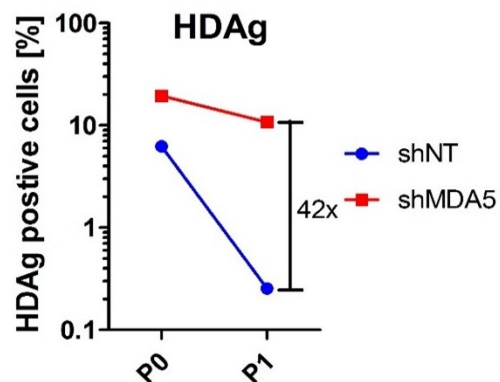
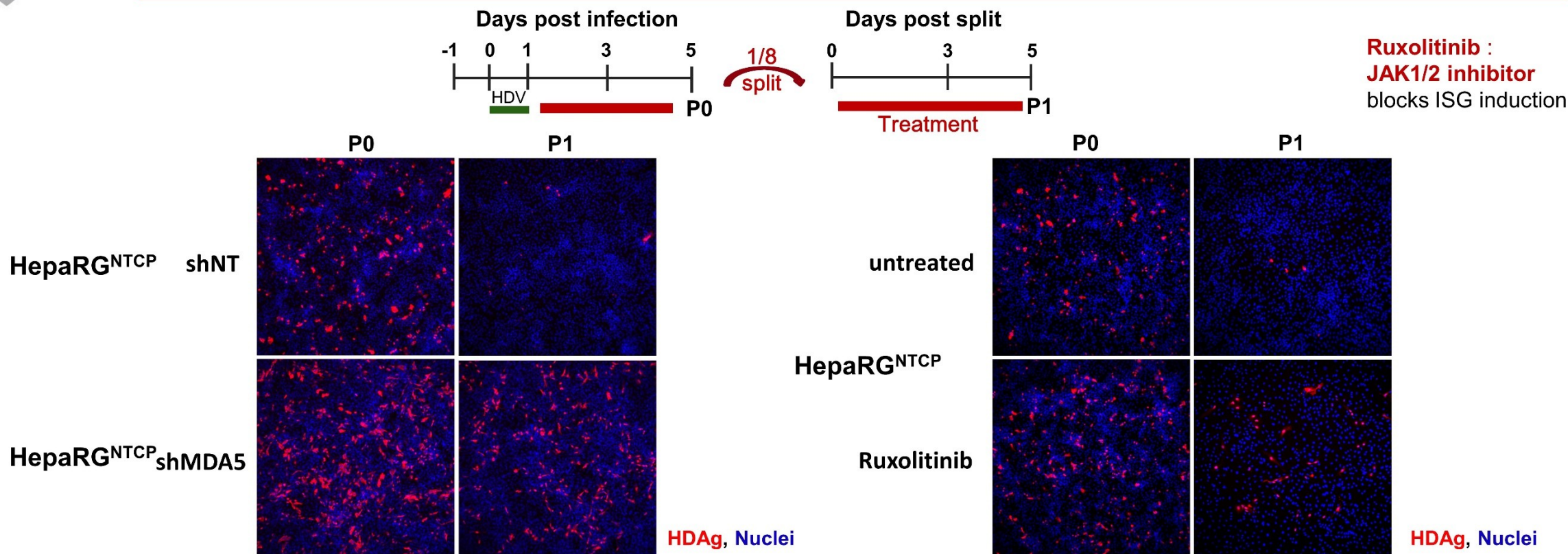
Cell-division-mediated HDV spread in innate immune defective and competent cells



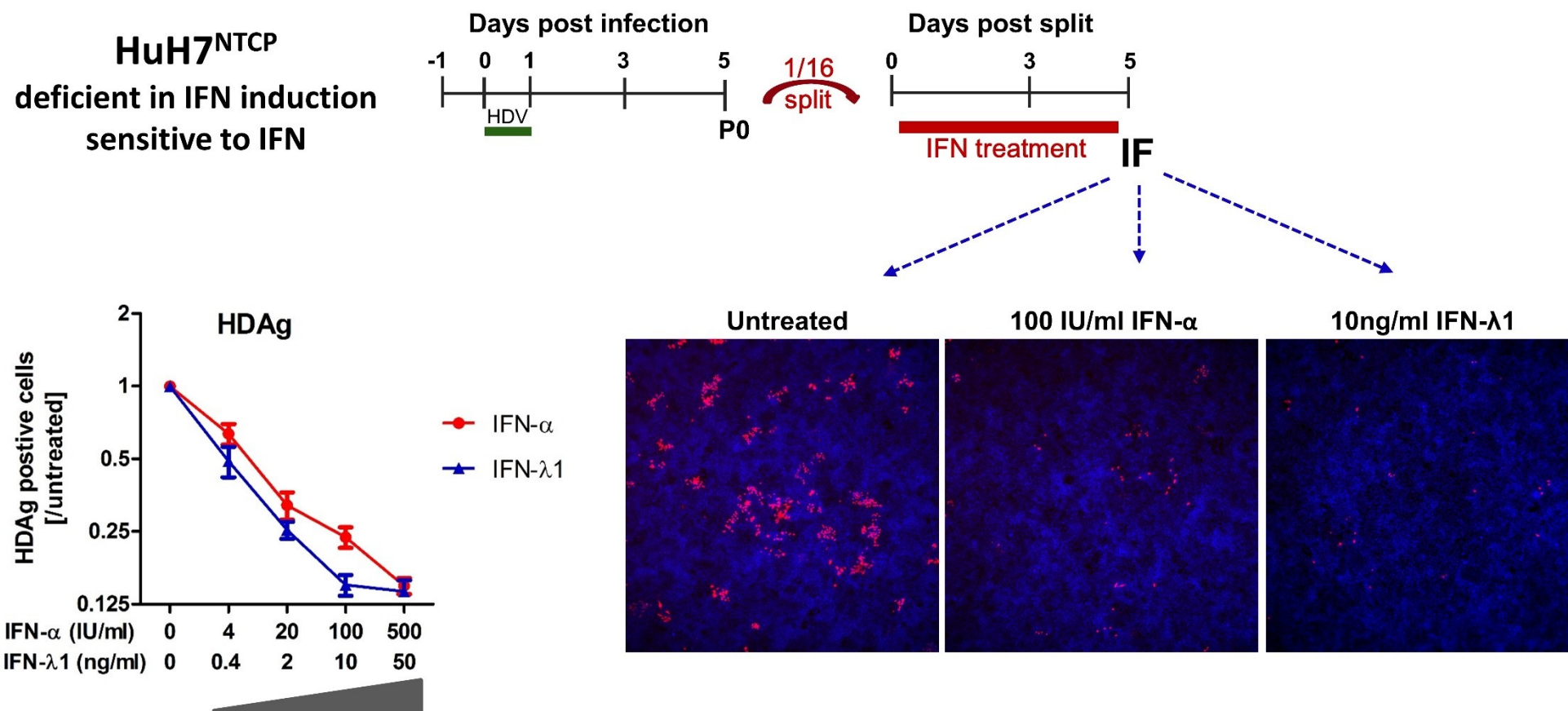
Zhang et al. Int. HBV meeting. 2018. Taormina.

⇒ Cell-division-mediated HDV spread is suppressed in innate immune competent cell lines

Blocking the endogenous IFN response promotes HDV spread in HepaRG^{NTCP} cells



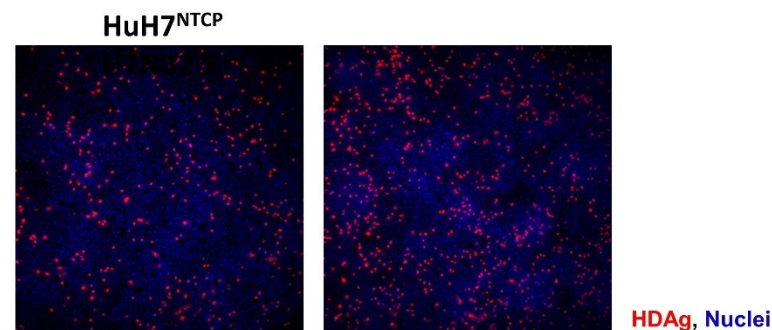
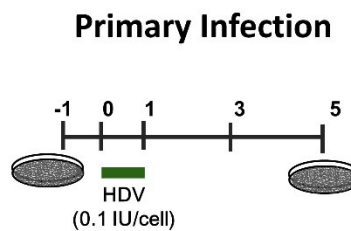
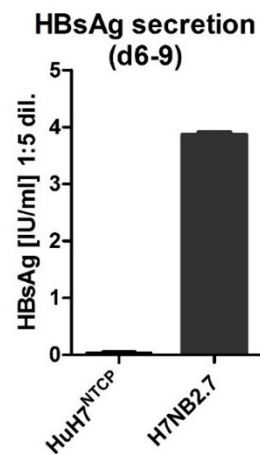
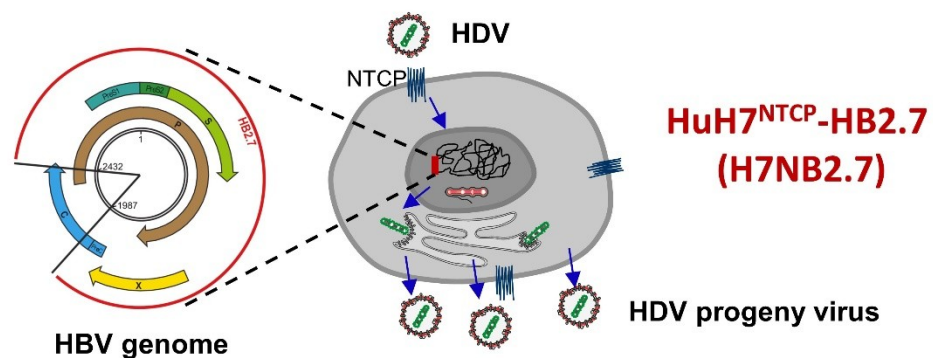
IFN treatment suppresses cell-division-mediated HDV spread in HuH7^{NTCP} cells



⇒ Both, HDV-induced endogenous IFN responses **and** exogenous IFN α / λ treatment suppresses cell-division-mediated HDV spread

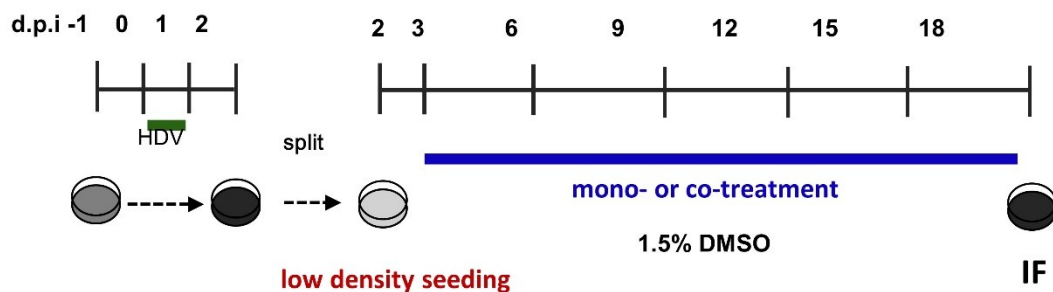
Establishment of in vitro model supporting extracellular spread of HDV

Stable integration of a 2.7 kb subgenomic HBV fragment and NTCP:
Provision of HBV envelope proteins and the receptor



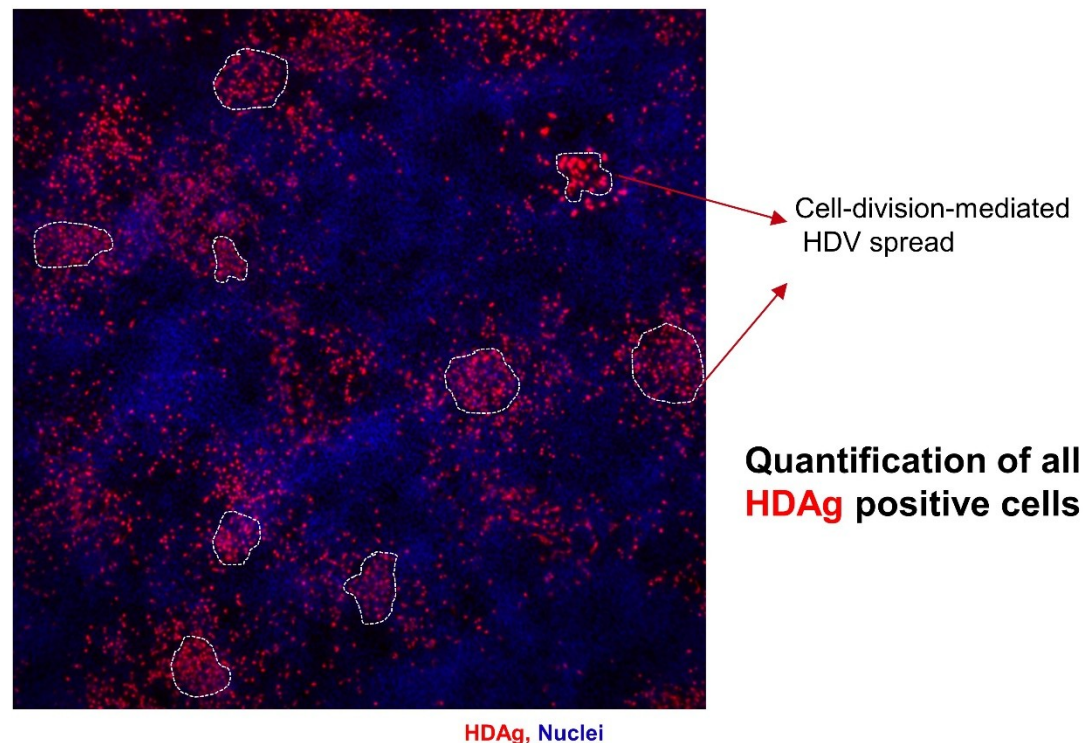
Lempp, *et al.* Nature Communications. 2019.
Zhang, *et al.* Unpublished.

Use of H7NB2.7 cell culture model to investigate both HDV spreading pathways

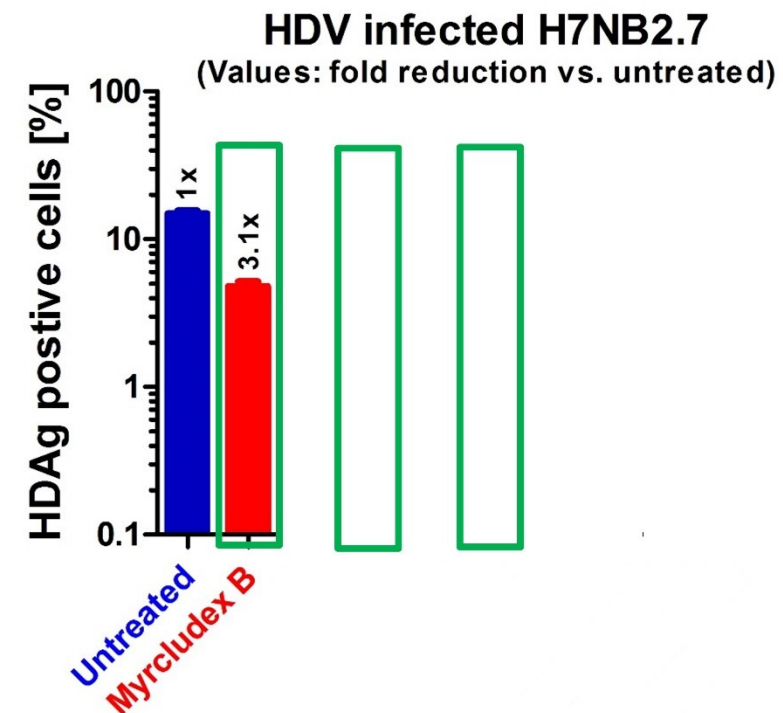
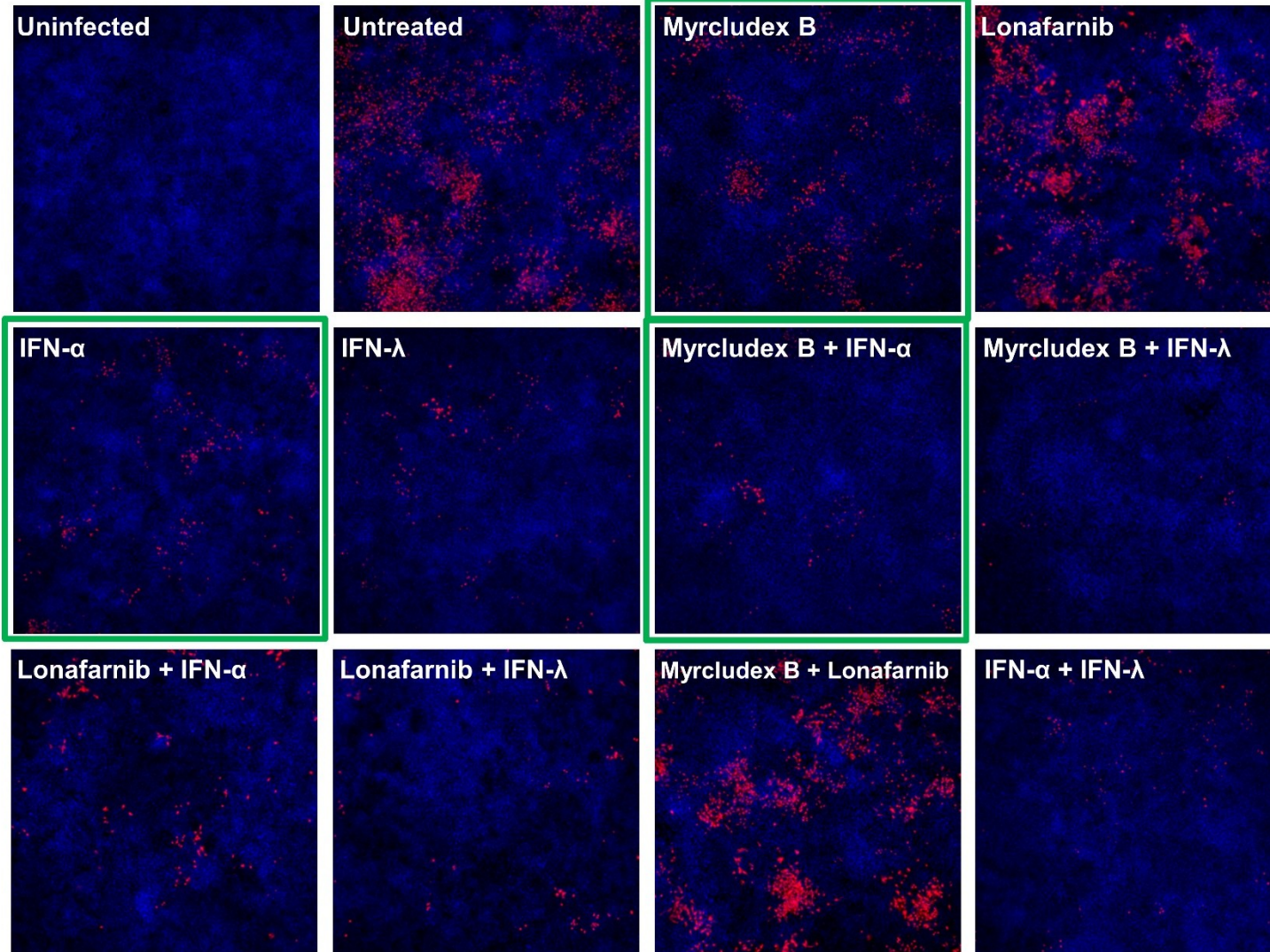


Investigated Combinations

mono-treatment	co-treatment
MyrB	MyrB + IFN- α
Lonafarnib	MyrB + IFN- λ 1
IFN- α	Lonafarnib + IFN- α
IFN- λ 1	Lonafarnib + IFN- λ 1
	MyrB + Lonafarnib
	IFN- α + IFN- λ 1



Evaluation of in vitro synergisms of drug using H7NB2.7 cells



- Lonafernib promotes cell-division-mediated HDV spread probably by enhancing HDV replication.

Lempp, *et al.* Nature Communications. 2019

- IFN-α/-λ suppresses cell-division-mediated HDV spread

Zhang, *et al.* HBV Meeting. 2018. Taormina

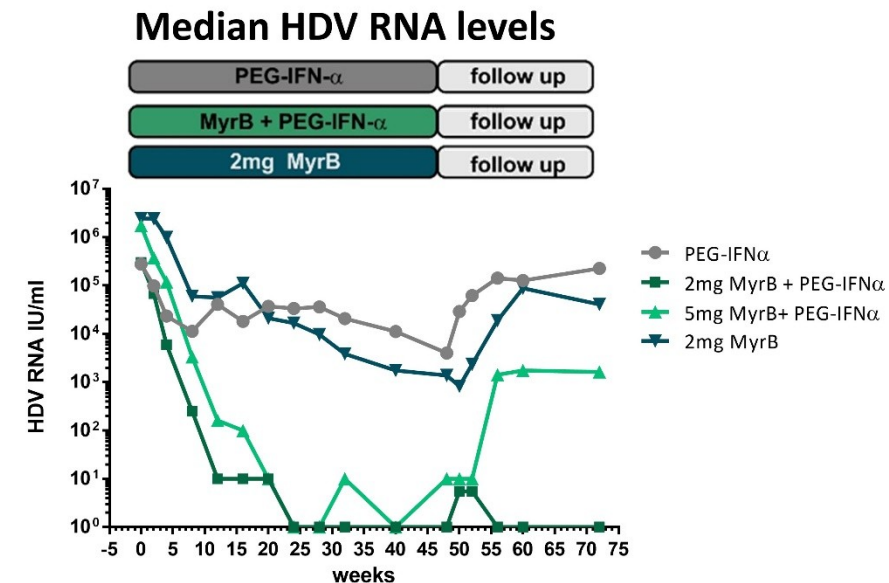
⇒ **Drug combinations targeting both spreading pathways act synergistic**

Conclusions:

- HDV can spread by an extracellular route and by cell-division-mediated spread
- An *in vitro* infection model supporting both pathways has been established
- Co-treatment with drugs targeting the two different spreading pathways blocks HDV synergistically
- The system can be used to predict the strength of synergisms of drug combinations

Clinical implication for Myrcludex B

- The finding confirms the clinical observation of the Myr-203 study demonstrating a strong synergism of Myrcludex B/peg-IFN- α combination therapy

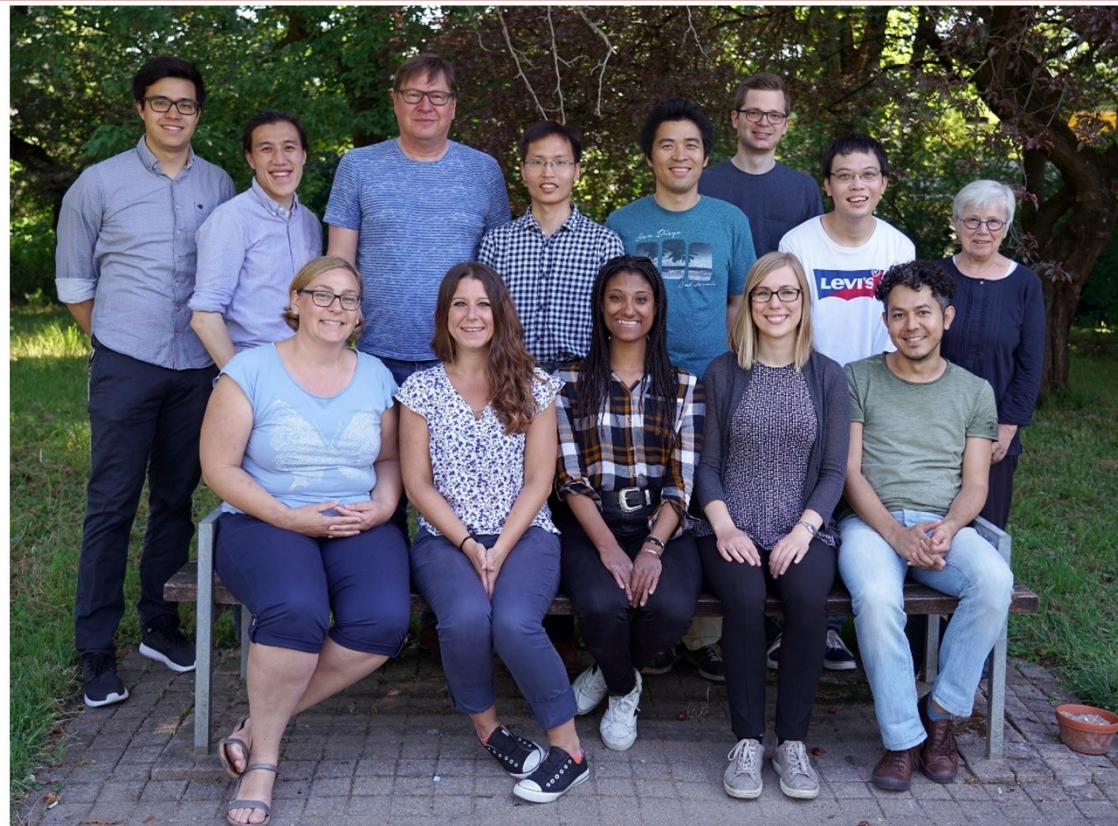


O-85, Wedemeyer et al.,: SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF 10mg (HIGH-DOSE) BULEVIRTIDE (MYRCLUDEX B) IN COMBINATION WITH PEG-INTERFERON ALPHA 2a OR TENOFOVIR IN PATIENTS WITH CHRONIC HBV/HDV CO-INFECTION: WEEK 24 INTERIM RESULTS OF THE MYR203 EXTENSION STUDY.

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