

# Hepatitis B: Control or Cure?

Patrick Marcellin

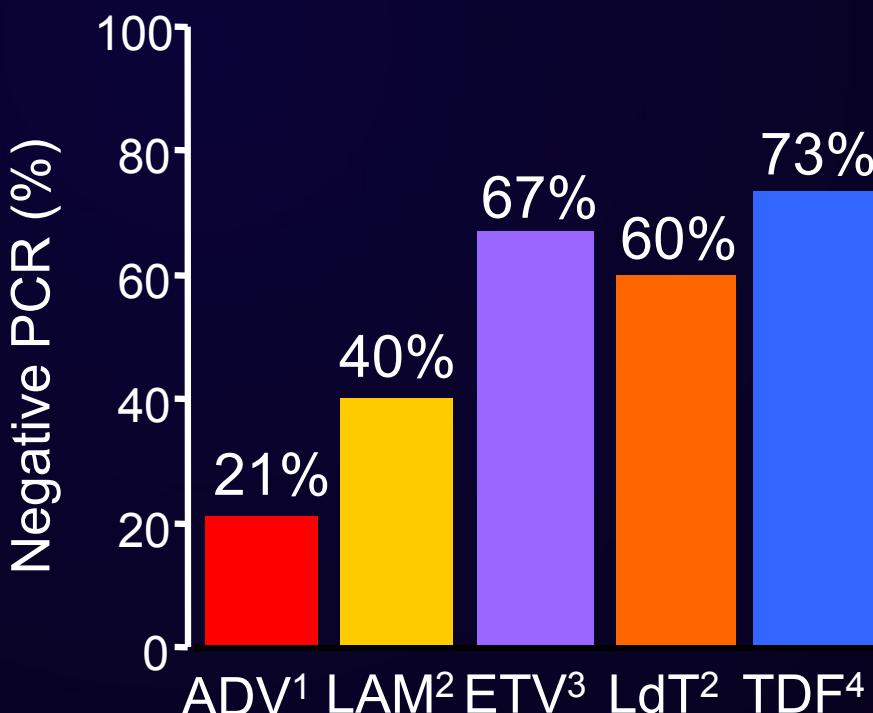
Where we are:  
The achievements

# ANALOGUES REGISTERED FOR THE TREATMENT OF CHRONIC HEPATITIS B

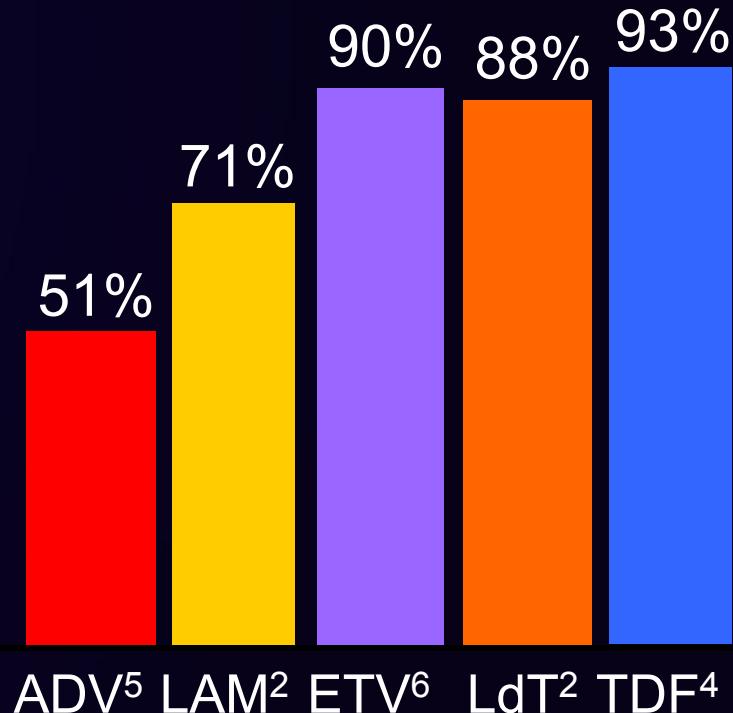
- Lamivudine	-
- Adefovir	-
- Telbivudine	+
- Entecavir	+++
- Tenofovir	+++

# **VIROLOGICAL RESPONSE AT 1 YEAR**

# HBeAg-positive



# HBeAg-negative



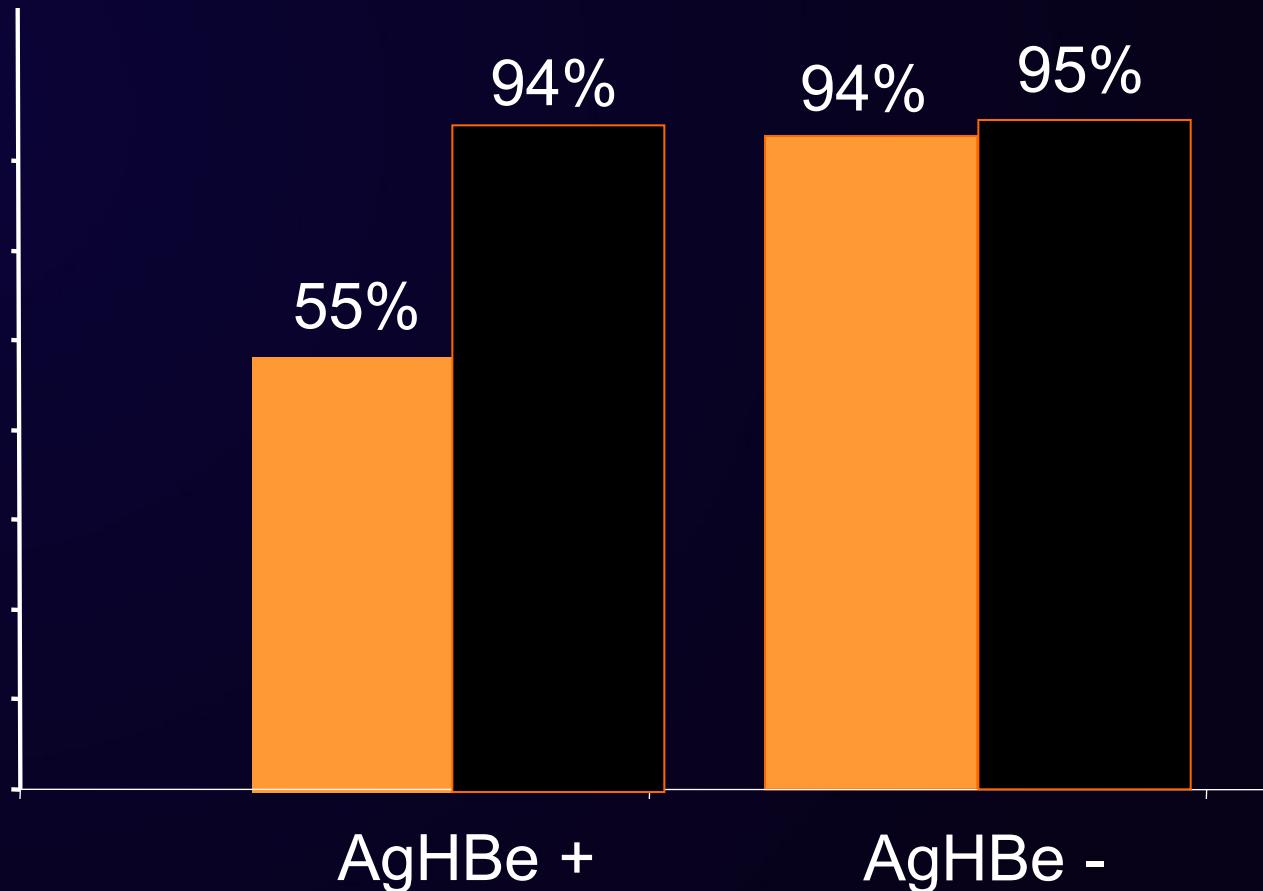
1. Marcellin et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2003  
3. Chang et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2006  
5. Hadziyannis et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2003

2. Lai et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2007  
4. Marcellin et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2008  
6. Lai et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2006

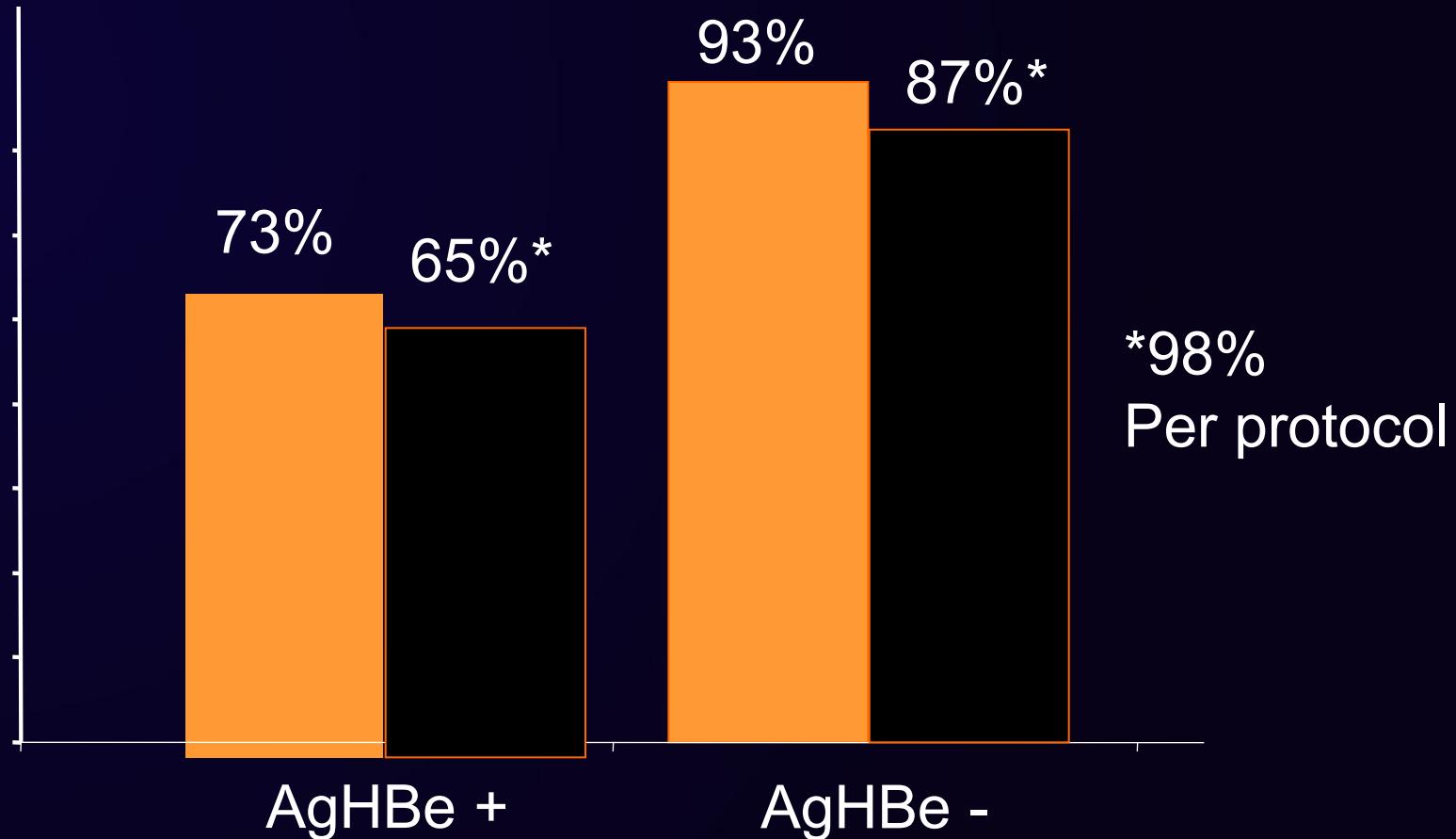
# DURABILITY OF RESPONSE

# ENTECAVIR

## UNDETECTABLE HBV DNA AT 1 AND 3-5 YEARS



# TENOFOVIR UNDETECTABLE HBV DNA AT 1 AND 5 YEARS

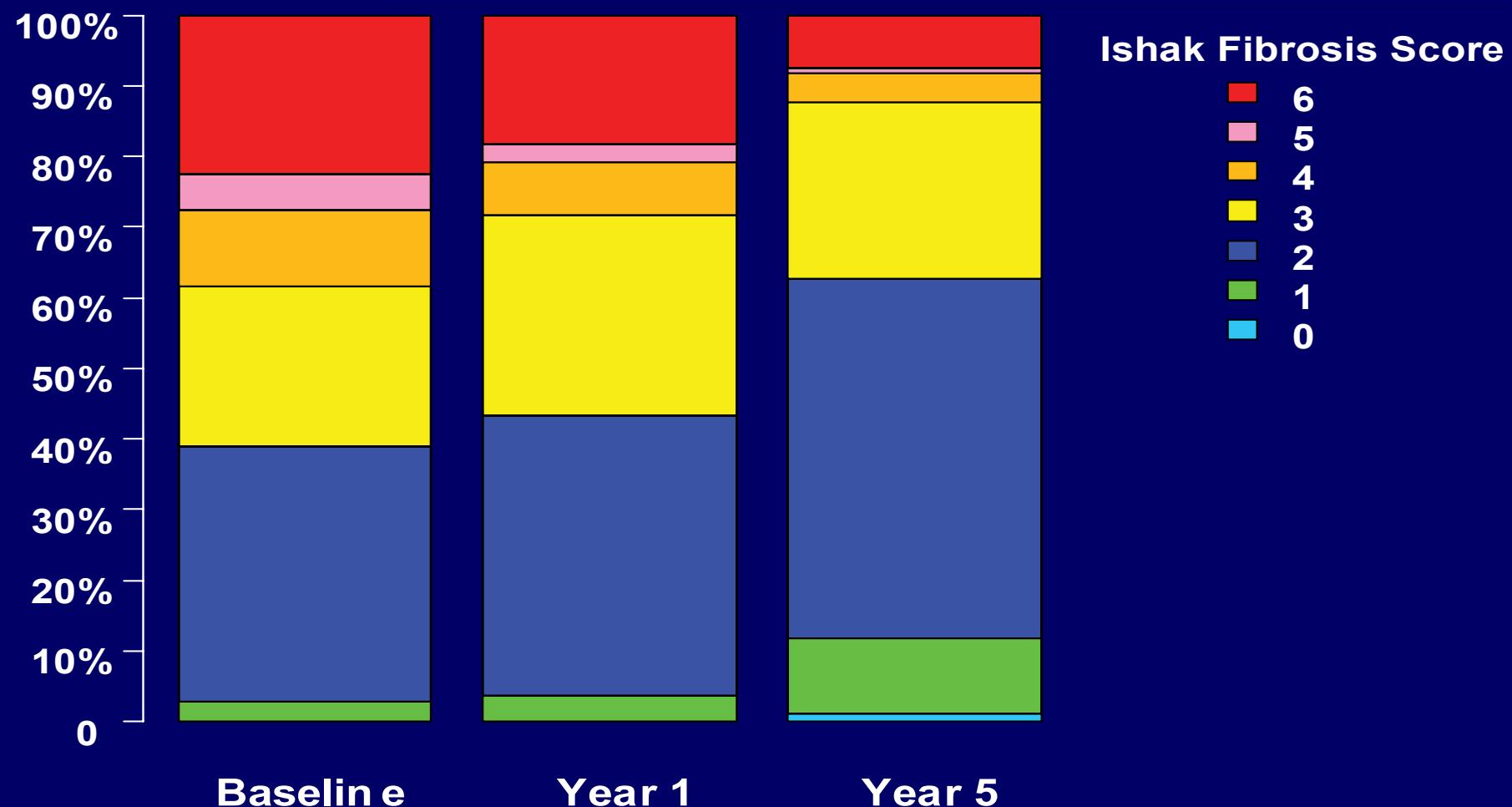


Marcellin et al. NEJM 2008

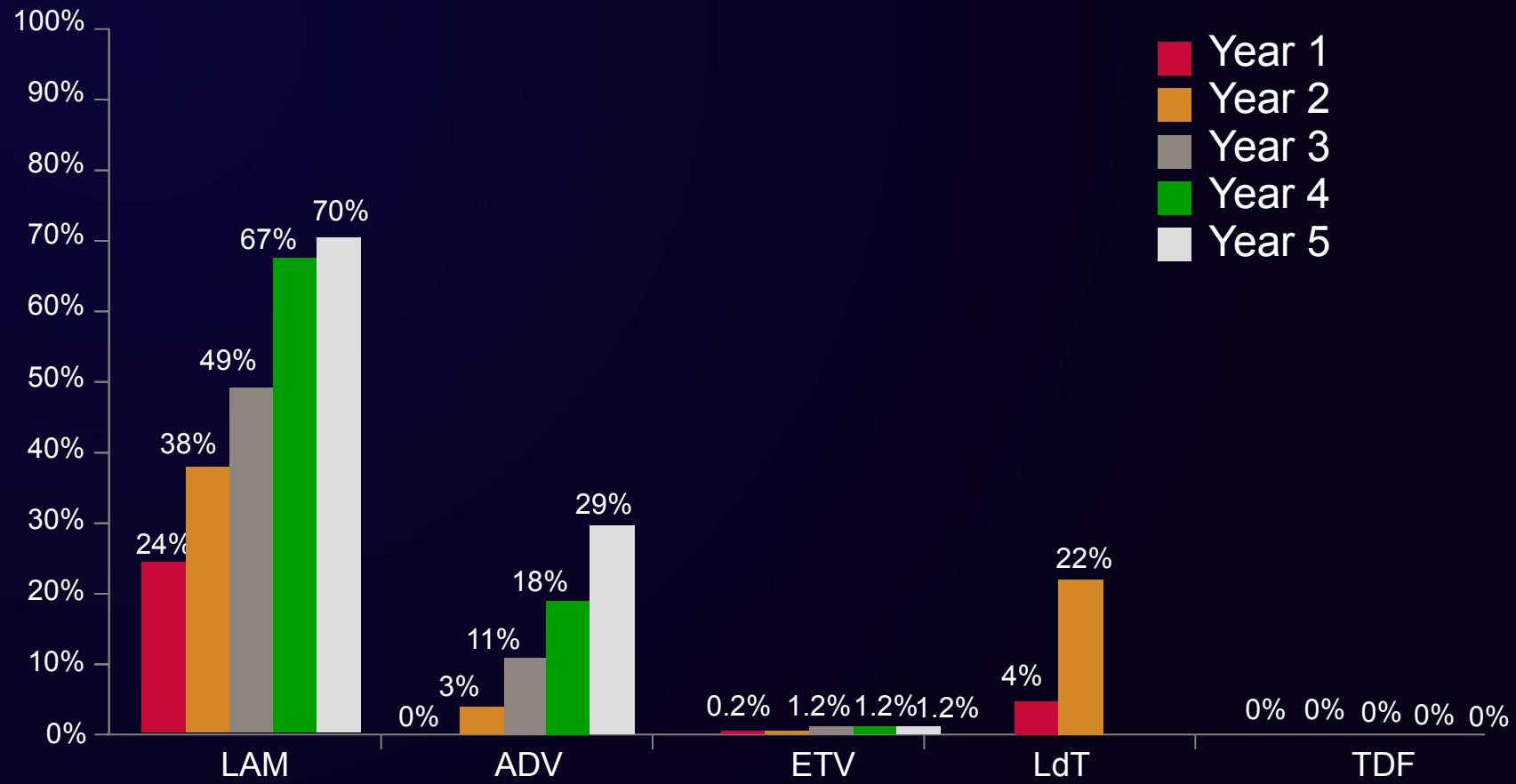
Marcellin et al. Lancet

# LIVER HISTOLOGY AT 5 YEARS

n=348



# Cumulative incidence of HBV resistance



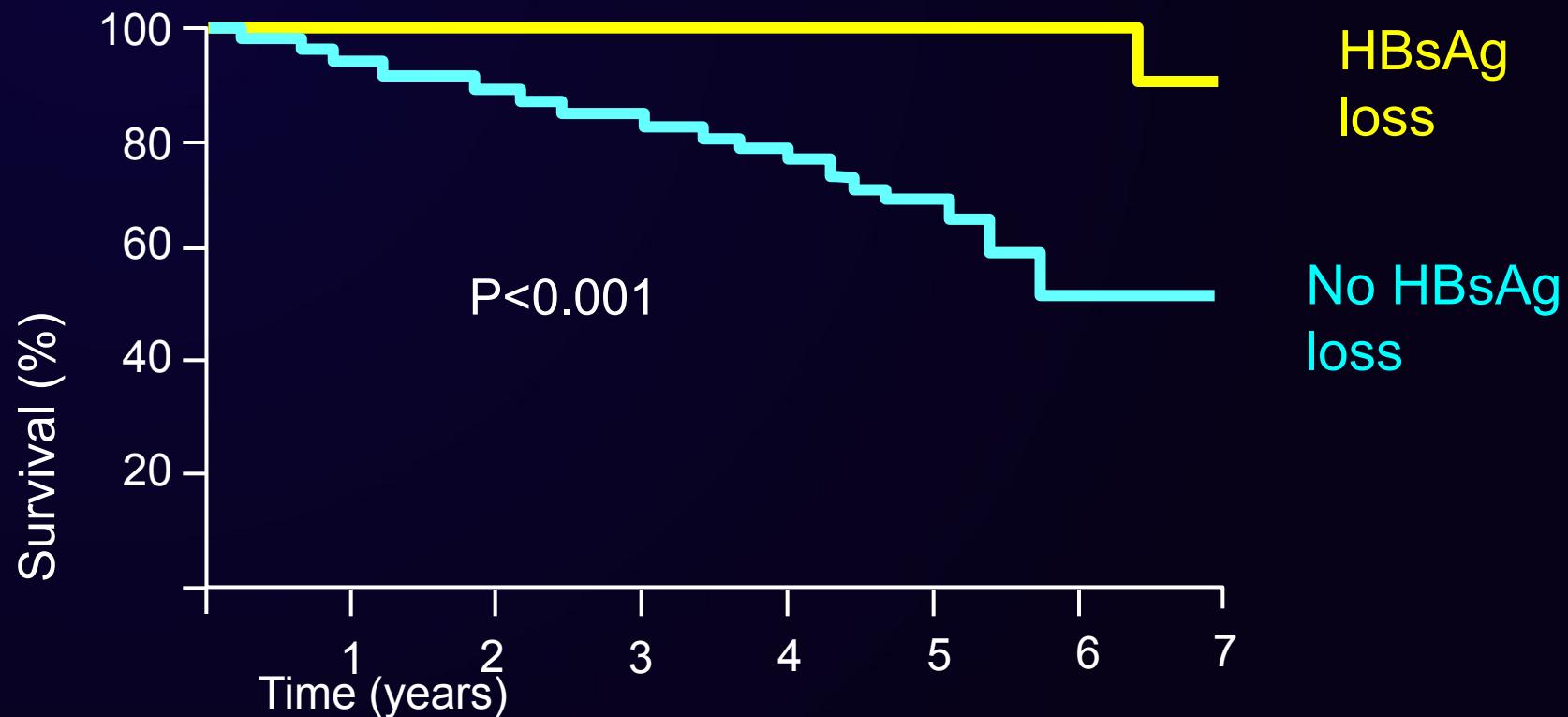
# HBsAg AND THE RISK OF HCC

11,893 men in Taiwan

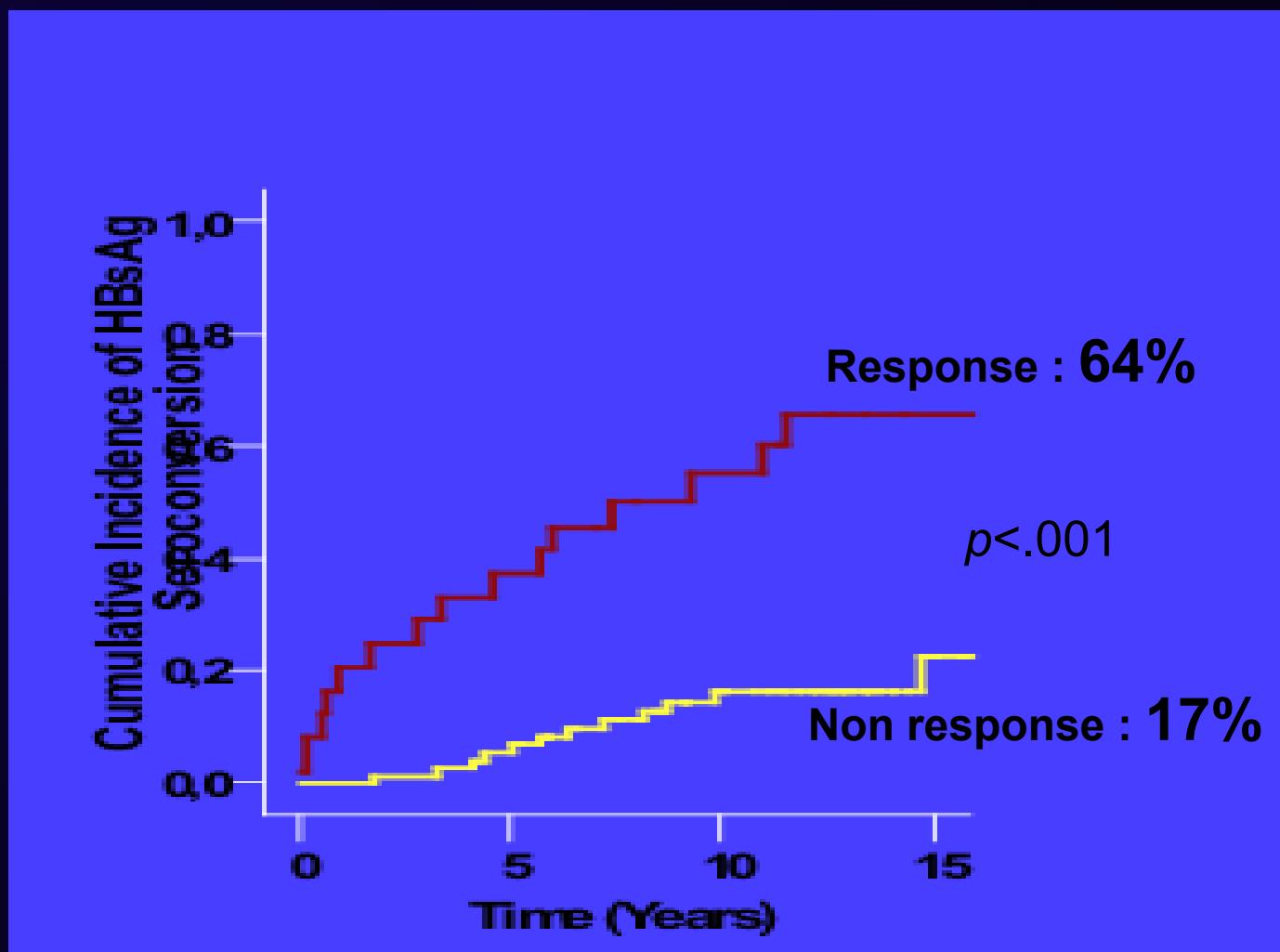
HBsAg	HBeAg	ALT	Relative Risk
--	--	normal	1
--	--	elevated	5
+	--	normal	10
+	--	elevated	30
+	+	normal	60
+	+	elevated	110

# HBsAg Loss is Associated with Improved Survival

309 cirrhotics with a mean follow-up of 6 years



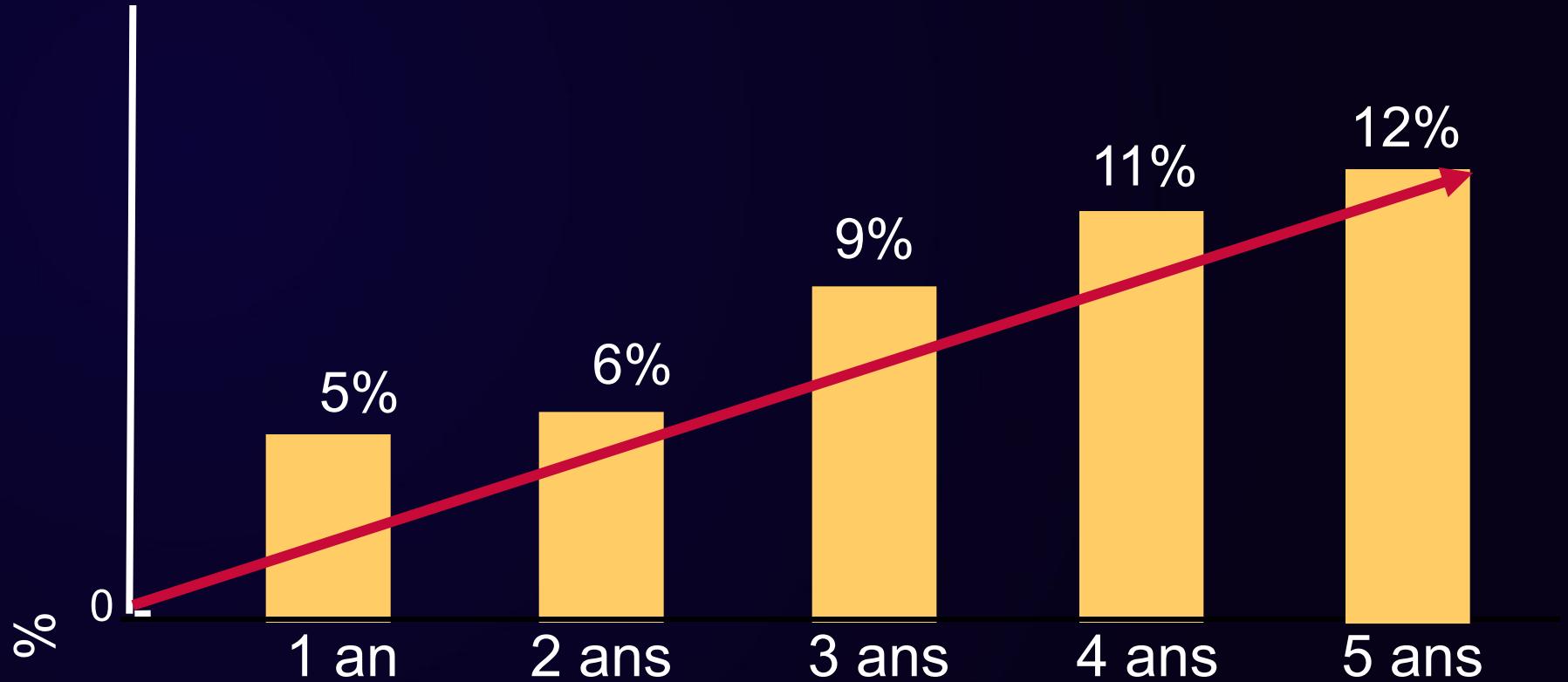
# INCIDENCE OF HBsAg LOSS ACCORDING TO RESPONSE TO IFN (HBe seroconversion)



# OUTCOME (10 years) AFTER IFN THERAPY

	HBsAg+	HBsAg-
■ HCC :	6	0
■ Ascitis :	5	0
■ Hemorhage:	0	0
■ Transplantation:	0	0
■ Mortality (HCC):	4	0

# HBsAg LOSS after PEG IFN ± LAM

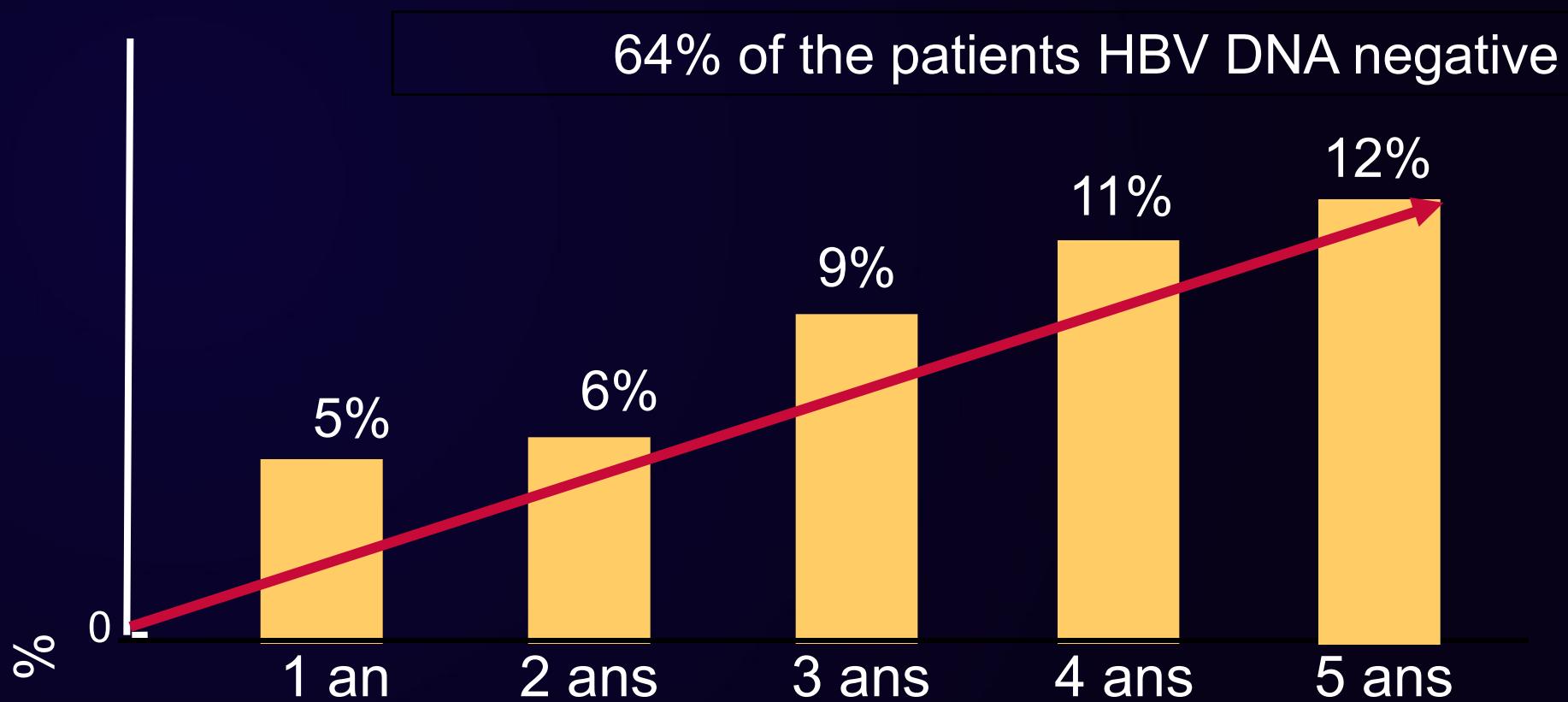


Marcellin et al. NEJM 2004

Marcellin et al. Gastroenterology 2009

Marcellin et al. Hepatology International 2012

# HBsAg LOSS after PEG IFN ± LAM



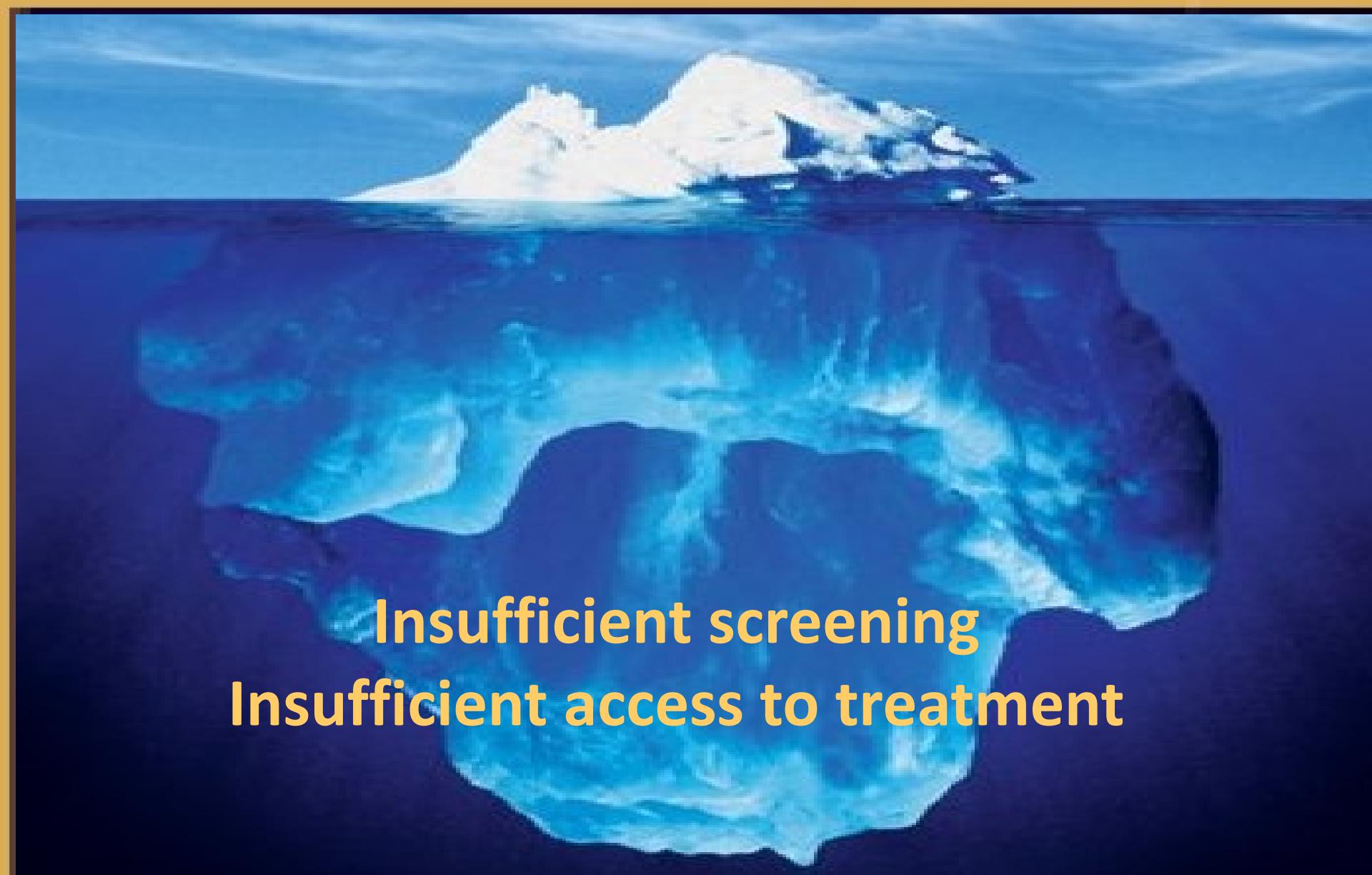
Marcellin et al. NEJM 2004

Marcellin et al. Gastroenterology 2009

Marcellin et al. Hepatology International 2012

Where we are:  
the limitations

# Where we are: limitations



A large iceberg is shown floating in the ocean. Most of the iceberg is submerged below the water's surface, illustrating the concept of hidden or unacknowledged challenges. The visible portion above the water is white and jagged, while the submerged portion is a darker blue.

**Insufficient screening**  
**Insufficient access to treatment**

# Where we go

# Where we go

**Better use of HBsAg in combination with HBV DNA:**

- Prognosis of the liver disease
- Tailoring therapy

**Other viral markers (ccc DNA)**

# Where we go

## Combination Therapy:

- PEG IFN + NUC

## New Drugs

- Lambda IFN
- TLR7 agonists
- ?

**Ultimate goal:**

**HBsAg loss**