

# Best strategies for global HCV eradication

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the Management of Patients

with Viral Hepatitis

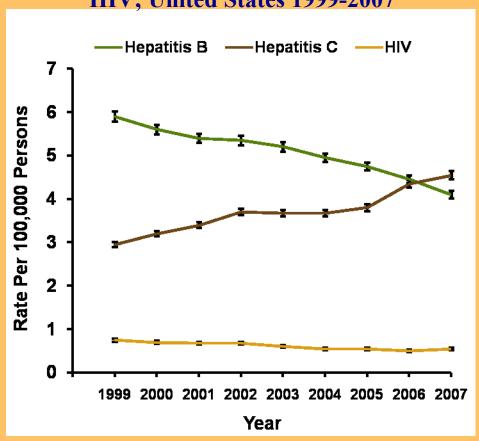
## Since 2007, more Americans die from HCV than HIV infection (Similar in Europe)

• National multiple-cause mortality data

By 2007 hepatitis C-associated deaths had **overtaken** HIV as a cause of mortality in the United States.

- Co-morbidities associated with increased odds ratio of mortality
  - Alcohol related(4.6; HCV and 3.7;HBV)
  - HIV co-infection(1.8; HCV and 4.0; HBV)

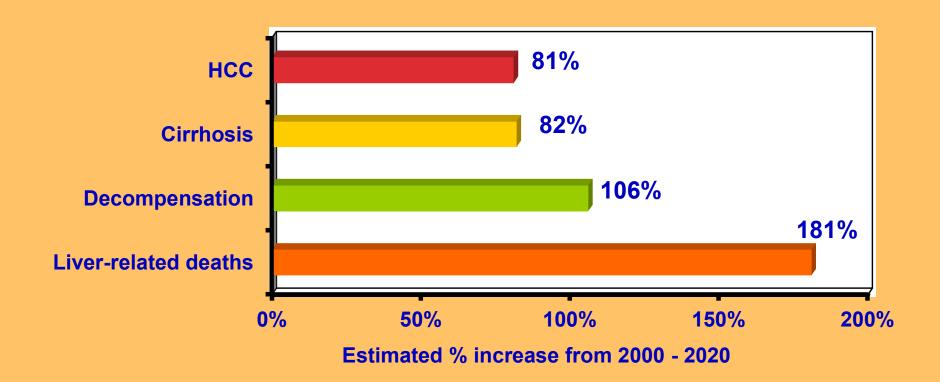
### Mortality rates of HBV, HCV, and HIV; United States 1999-2007



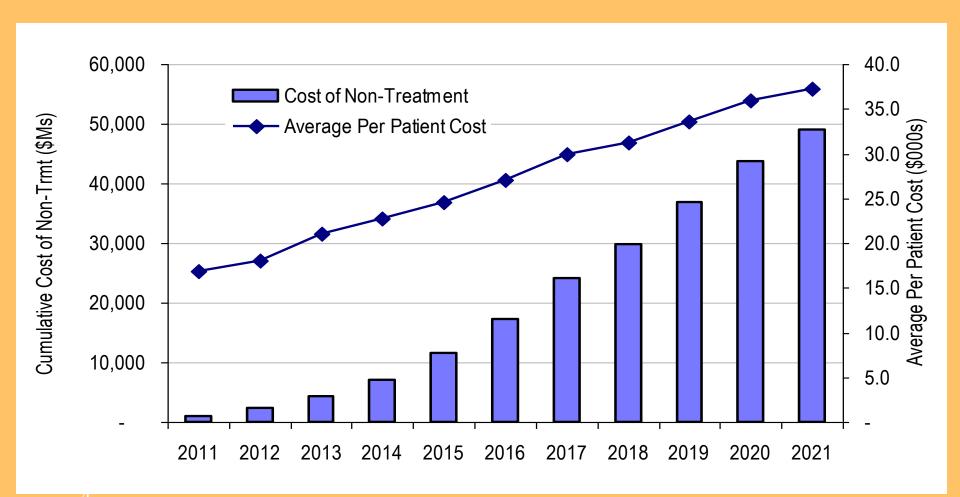
Ly et al. Annals of Internal Medicine 2012

#### **HCV Related Illness**

Expected to Increase Significantly in the Coming Years
In the absence of novel treatments it's going to be a tsunami of HCV
related liver failure, transplant, death & increased financial burden



# A New Analysis of Dx and Rx of HCV Infections

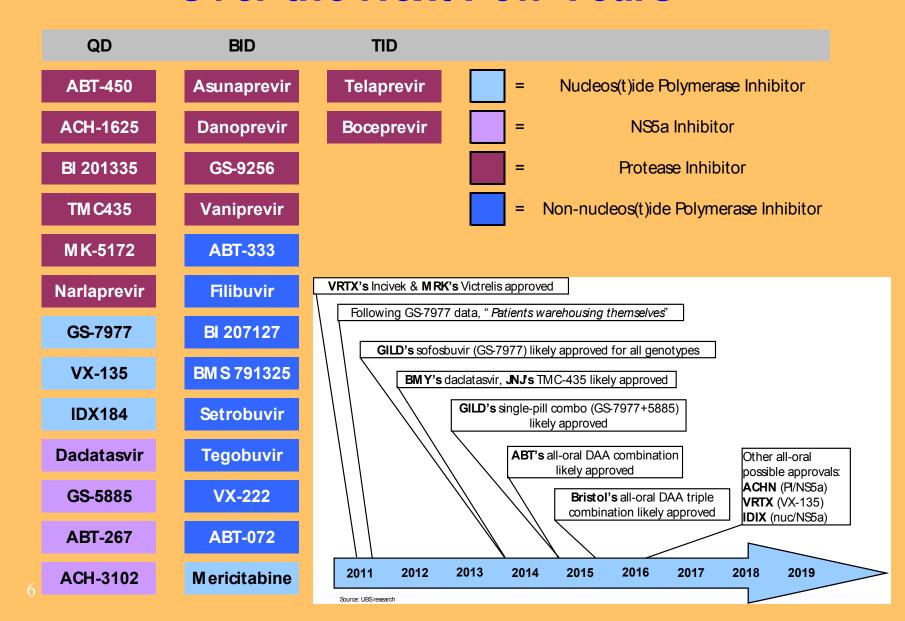


## HCV Therapies: Changing Landscape Advances for Unmet Medical Needs

"The times, they are a-changin"

Bob Dylan

# Market Will See An Influx of New Drugs Over the Next Few Years



### Market Time Lines: Shaping the Future

VRTX's Incivek & MRK's Victrelis approved Following GS-7977 data, "Patients warehousing themselves" GILD's sofosbuvir (GS-7977) likely approved for all genotypes BM Y's daclatasvir, JNJ's TMC-435 likely approved **GILD's** single-pill combo (GS-7977+5885) likely approved **ABT's** all-oral DAA combination Other all-oral likely approved possible approvals: ACHN (PI/NS5a) Bristol's all-oral DAA triple **VRTX** (VX-135) combination likely approved IDIX (nuc/NS5a) 2011 2013 2016 2017 2019 2012 2014 2015 2018

Source: UBS research

#### The Game is not over

- \* Assuming Sofosbuvir (PSI/GS-7977) is approved by Q4 2013; new IND are behind by 3 years.
- ❖ Gilead may be able to treat at most half a million people per year With only 1.5 − 2 MM people treated over 3 yrs, there is still majority of the world and US market available.
- \* > 60 MM people who can pay will be available for treatment

# There is still another opportunity: Shift in focus to difficult to treat persons

#### Several unmet needs remain:

- Cirrhosis
- DAA/PR failures
- co-infected with HIV or HBV
  - non-GT1
- IFN intolerant or contraindicated
- bleeding disorders
- pediatrics
- opiate substitution therapy
- null-responders

Too few Tx persons to come to any conclusion

# Three Waves of Treatment with Leading Drug Sofosbuvir Leading to Cure Tsunamis

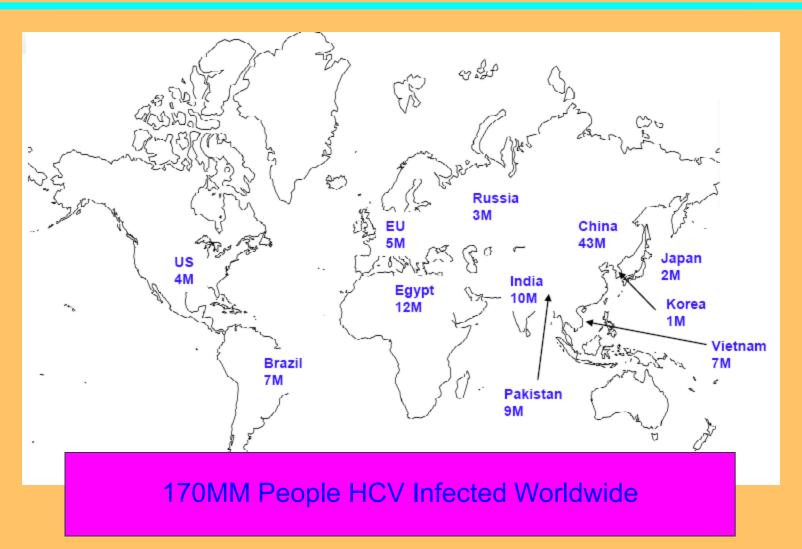
Sofosbuvir as a single DAA plus Riba



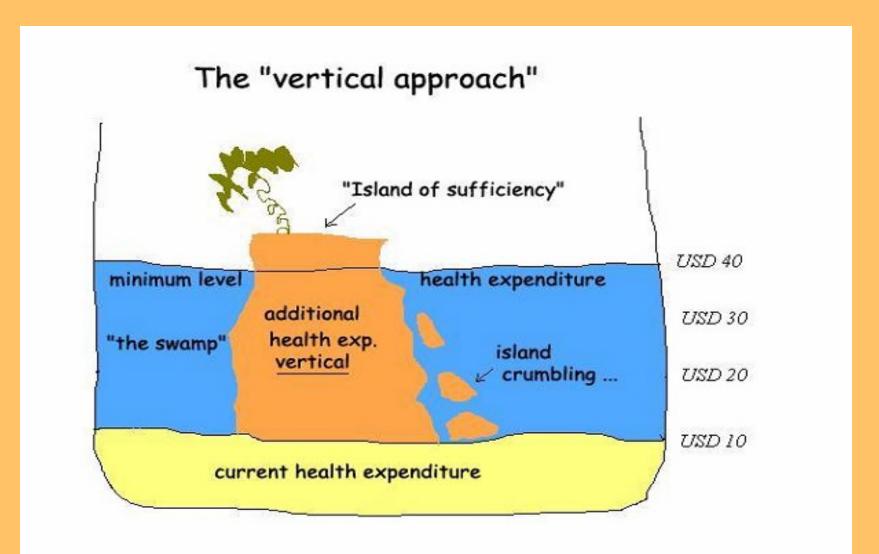
Sofosbuvir/NS5a or PI for genotype 1

• Final regimen, short in duration, one size fits all that is pangenotypic and SVR rates > 90% in the real world (nuc as backbone + PI/NS5a or two nucs)

# ....The US and EU are Only ~5% of the Total Worldwide HCV Population



### The HCV response will create islands of sufficiency in a swamp of insufficiency

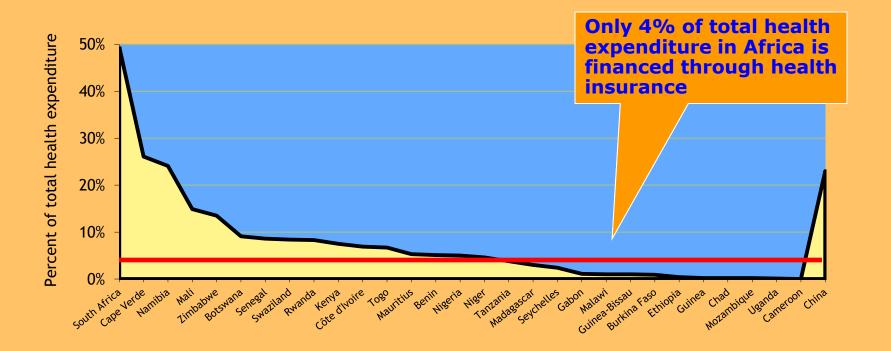


#### **Health systems in Africa**

#### Risk pooling is very scarce

Africans lack protection against medical costs; solidarity is limited

Social security and private prepaid health care spending



Source: WHO 2008

The Gaza Problem/What to Eat Now/The New Wii Africa It's the world's next economic powerhouse. But huge challenges lie ahead By Alex Perry Rising

### INSIDE THIS WEEK: TECHNOLOGY QUARTERLY President Newt? Brace yourselves The Britain's coming recession **Economist** Why India needs Walmart France tries to stay AAA The science of ethical foie gras Africa rising

#### **Growing Pains** Sub-Saharan Africa has the second fastest growing regional economy in the world, after Asia. But huge challenges remain, Real GDP even in countries that are experiencing boom times growth, 2011 POWERHOUSE Kenya Kick-starting Africa's mobilebanking boom, Kenya's M-PESA service has grown by an average of 3.5 million customers per year since it started in 2007, reaching //////// Unavailable 34% of Kenyans in 2011 But the capital, Nairobi, is Mauritania home to one of the largest Mali slums in the world Niger Entrea Senegal Sudan Chad Gambia ----Guinea-Djibouti Guinea Nigeria Ethiopia Central African Republic South Sudan Once one of Africa's worst € Togo Liberia performers, Liberia had double-digit growth from Equatorial Guinea QUIET 2007 to 2010 **ACHIEVERS** São Tomé and Principe Democratic These island countries. **NEW STAR** boast solid economic of Congo growth and high scores in Ghana Tanzania health and education GDP grew by an impressive 14.4% in 2011 Comoros Angola Primary-school enrollment Zambia Mozambique jumped 20% in four years. reaching 100% in 2007 Seychelles Zimbabwe But currently half of Namibia Madagascar university graduates Botswana leave the country Botswana went from a poor to a middle-income Swazilland country within Lesotho Mauritius three decades Zimbabwe, the Democratic South Africa Republic of Congo and Burundi Sub-Saharan Africa are technically growing, but they 2,552 have the lowest GDP per capita on the continent Although classified as an upper-middle-Cape Verde income country by the World Bank, South Africa has one of the most unequal societies in the world

CONTINENTAL CHIET

# Lessons from HIV: Reasons not to introduce HAART in resource-poor settings in 1996

Too expensive

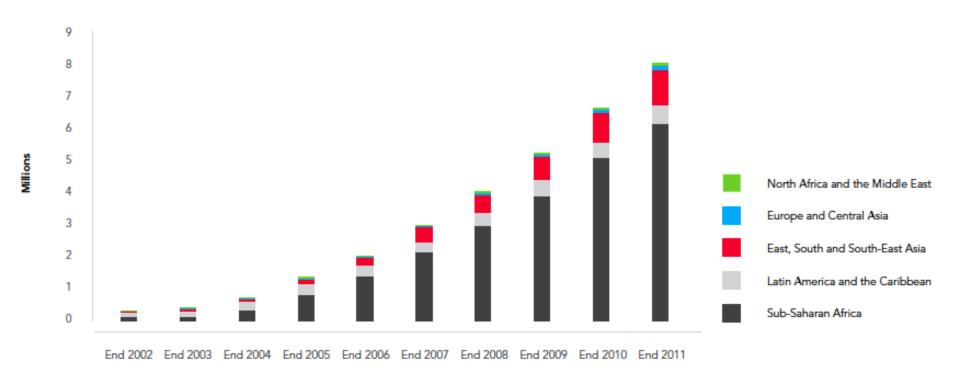
Too complex

• Prevention more important than treatment

## Positive developments ("milestones") by 2012-13 bringing HAART to resource poor settings

- Price reduction of antiretroviral agents (Accelerating Access Initiative, etc) (2000)
- Declaration of Commitment of the United Nations General Assembly Special Session on HIV/AIDS (UNGASS) (2001)
- Establishment of funding mechanisms:
  - World Bank Multicountry AIDS Program (MAP, 2000)
  - Global Fund to fight AIDS, TB and malaria (GFATM, 2002)
  - President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR, 2003/2004)
- WHO Treatment Guidelines + uptake of antiretroviral agents in WHO Model List of Essential Medicines (2002)
- WHO's "3by5" initiative: "3 million people in resource-poor settings on antiretroviral therapy by the end of 2005"

### Number of people receiving antiretroviral therapy in low- and middle-income countries, by region, 2002–2011



Source: 2012 country progress reports (www.unaids.org/cpr).

**GLOBAL REPORT** 

UNAIDS REPORT ON THE GLOBAL AIDS EPIDEMIC | 2012

### Before ....



HCV shows no visible scars like HIV that inspire the public to advocate solutions

### After ...



### **Global Eradication Solutions**

# We must meet the silence of HCV's forward march with resonant opposition

Keys to successful eradication:

- Public awareness
- Government action (local, state, national, international)
- Emphasize that new drugs can cure

#### Increase awareness through:

- Universal screening to unmask "silent" infections
- Education that empowers
- Care for prisoners, drug addicts, children & the poor

### **Global Eradication Solutions**

#### Translate education to advocacy

- Confront government with the ethical and moral responsibility to screen and treat
- Intensify government, UN & WHO action to become proportional to burden of HCV
- Governments must cultivate financial and political will to step up to the opportunity to eradicate another global plague (e.g., smallpox, polio)

# HCV ERADICATION WORLWIDE IS POSSIBLE

A pessimist sees the difficulty in every opportunity;

An optimist sees the opportunity in every difficulty

Winston Churchill

"The ultimate benefit of cures for HCV will be measured by the costs they avoid, but by the lives they save"



Supported by NIH, CFAR, and the Department of Veterans Affairs COI: I am a founder & shareholder of Idenix & RFS Pharma LLC