AROUND THE WORLD TABLE: ACCESS TO THERAPY IN ROMANIA

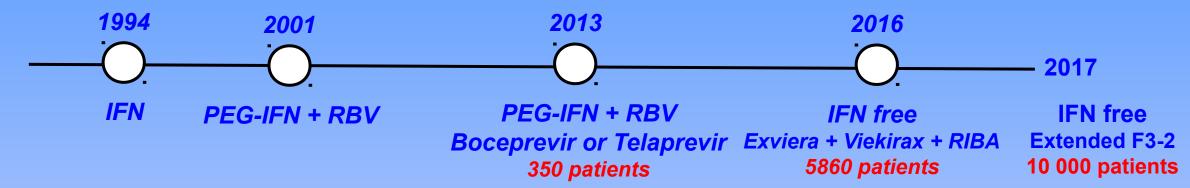
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Department of Internal Medicine Fundeni Clinical Institute Bucharest 20 mil. Inhabitants; 5.6% HCV prevalence 99.5% Genotype 1b



Internal Gross Revenue -

- Romania was financially exhausted and affected by poverty after the collapse of the communist regime. The budget allocated to Healthcare system was constantly low (4.5%), a reflection of a reduced Internal Gross Revenue comparing to Western countries.
- Estimated number of patients with HCV is about 400 000, registered and screened ~16 000.



Romania is one among other European countries where detection, prevention and treatment policies on viral hepatitis were implemented with a delay.

1994 — starts INF therapy: 4.000 patients

2001 — starts PEG INF + RIBA: 26.000 patients / 10 years

2013 – 350 patients treated on compassioned bases with I generation PI

2016 – Start the IFN free therapy with Exviera and Viekirax on a cost-volume-efficacy based contract of The National Health Insurance House with AbbVie Company for initially 5860 patients/year, all with advanced fibrosis –F4 – compensated cirrhosis and 250 with liver transplantation (from a total of 800). In preliminary data 99% of these patients have SVR.

2017 -- We expect very soon the new contract cost-volume-efficacy for 2017 to extend the indication to F3 and F2 with co-morbidities on a total of 10 000 patients.

Inclusion criteria for treatment

Viekirax (ombitasvir+paritaprevir+ritonavir), Exviera, Ribavirin

- compensated cirrhosis HCV genotype 1b in naive and experienced patients (non or partial responders, breakthrough and relapses)
 F4 dg. on PBH or FIBROMAX
- Child-Pugh A 5-6 points (without ascites, icterus, SDH, encephalopathy)
 transplanted patients with VHC cirrhosis

Exclusion criteria for treatment

- Child-Pugh A > 6 points (ascites, icterus, SDH, encephalopathy)
- AFP>8, dysplastic nodules, HCC; autoimmunity, alcohol abuse
- chronic treatment that had to be continued with amiodarone, chinidine, claritromicine, carbamazepin, fenitoin, Phenobarbital, rifampicine, statines, mydazolam, cysaprid, ketoconazol, conivaptan, gemfibrozyl, ergotamine.

Actions planned to increase the patient's access to treatment

- better funding from the government : resources provided by National Health Insurance House in 2017 as a credit line of 470 000 000 Euros
- better defining the priorities and methodologies: more patients treated 10 000 patients with hepatitis F3 and F2, than with cirrhosis -2000 with decompensate cirrhoses.
- better negotiation of the cost-volume-efficacy contract with more companies: AbbVie, Gilead (Sofosbuvir+Ledipasvir), MSD.
- better screening by improving the coordination between the 9 regional centers
- keeping the political decedents constantly aware in order to

