# CHRONIC DELTA HEPATITIS IN A 30-YEAR-OLD CENTRO-AFRICAN WOMAN, 18 WEEKS PREGNANT, WITH SILENT CIRRHOSIS

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### PATIENT'S DEMOGRAPHY & HISTORY:

**30-year-old,** non-consuming alcohol, centro-African, **9 wks pregnant woman,** in France since 1 year. Pre-pregnancy BMI 28.7 kg/m<sup>2</sup>. No relevant medical history, no vaccination against HBV. Anti-HIV -, anti-HCV - .

#### PATIENT'S WORK-UP

- <u>Initial findings</u>: no abnormal symptom, **HBsAg**
- +, serum (S) aminotransferases, 2,5 ULNV (N)
- Further liver evaluation (17-23 WG):

S aminotransferases, 2.5 to 5,3 N; gammaGT

>1.3 N; S bilirubin N; gammaglobulins 19.5 g/L;

PT ratio 83% control.

S creatinine < 50 µmol/L. No S auto-antibodies.

<u>US + MRI</u>: liver dysmorphy, splenomegaly.

LIVER BIOPSY (21 WG), cirrhosis M2F4

GI endoscopy, NORMAL.

VIROLOGY, anti-HBe +; HBV-DNA 1.85 log.

IgM & total anti-delta Ab +; delta ARN, 9.68 log.

## TREATMENT: tenofovir 245 mg/d, UDCA 1 g/d (risk of preterm birth). [FROM 24 GW, the

patient left France for elsewhere in Europe].

**PREGNANCY**: singleton. No cholestasis.

No pre-eclampsia. **39 GW**, induction & normal vaginal delivery (VG D). Female NN, 3,650 g.

 $2^{nd}$  **PREGNANCY**: 6 months >  $1^{st}$  delivery.

NO tenofovir. 37 GW, spontaneous labor & VG D.

Female NN, 3,750 g. BOTH NN serovacc to HBV.

#### **CONCLUSIONS:**

## EARLY in PREGNANCY in any HBsAg+African woman,

- (a) delta coinfection must be checked;
- (b) if present, silent liver cirrhosis must also be checked;
- (c) if cirrhosis, even mild HBV multiplication requires immediate anti-HBV therapy;
- (d) UDCA (a drug entirely safe for the fetus) should be used liberally to attempt to reduce the rate of almost mandatory pre-term birth.